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town in San Francisco, the last case having been reported December 11, 1902, and although the health authorities have exercised sanitary supervision over this section in the past, nevertheless this undersigned joint official statement is promulgated in accordance with the resolutions adopted at the conference of State health officers, held at Washington, D. C., January 19, 1903, as an assurance that there is no present or future danger from that disease, inasmuch as complete and harmonious action by all the health authorities concerned is hereby assured, and will be maintained.

GEO. C. PARDEE,
Governor.

M. GARDNER, M. D.,
Representative State Board of Health.

E. E. SCHMITZ,
Mayor, San Francisco.

A. P. O'BRIEN, M. D.,
Health Officer, San Francisco.

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.

ARTHUR R. BRIGGS,
Vice-President California State Board of Trade.

A. A. WATKINS,
President San Francisco Board of Trade.

GEORGE A. NEWHALL,
President San Francisco Chamber of Commerce.

FRANK J. SYMMES,
President Merchants' Association of San Francisco.

GEORGE W. MCNEAR,
President Merchants' Exchange of San Francisco.

A. SEARBORO,
Manufacturers and Producers' Association of California.

RUFUS P. JENNINGS,
California Promotion Committee.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

COLORADO—*Denver*.—Month of December, 1902. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths, 242, including diphtheria, 11; enteric fever, 3; scarlet fever, 2, and 57 from tuberculosis.

CONNECTICUT—*Hartford*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 83,000. Total number of deaths, 141, including diphtheria, 8; measles, 7; whooping cough, 5, and 12 from tuberculosis.

STAMFORD.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Six deaths from diphtheria, 2 from enteric fever, 6 from measles, and 2 from scarlet fever.

GEORGIA—*Augusta*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 42,441. Total number of deaths, 56, including enteric fever, 1, and 5 from tuberculosis.

COLUMBUS.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 19,303—white, 10,276; colored, 9,027. Total number of deaths, 25—white, 8; colored, 17; including 3 from phthisis pulmonalis.

ILLINOIS—*Jacksonville*.—Month of January, 1903. Census population, 15,078. Total number of deaths, 20, including 1 from diphtheria.

Peoria.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 70,000. Total number of deaths, 67, including 2 from tuberculosis.

MASSACHUSETTS—*Newton*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 37,794. Total number of deaths, 31, including 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended January 31, 1903, from 68 observers, indicate that intermittent fever, enteric fever, remittent fever, and diphtheria were present and pleuritis, inflammation of kidney, smallpox, and whooping cough were less prevalent than in the preceding week. Meningitis was reported prevalent at 3, whooping cough at 25, diphtheria at 30, measles at 55, enteric fever at 58, scarlet fever at 102, smallpox at 154, and phthisis pulmonalis at 164 places.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Franklin*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 4. No deaths from contagious diseases.

NEW YORK.—Reports to the State board of health, Albany, for the month of December, 1902, from 156 cities, towns, and villages, having an aggregate estimated population of 7,467,050, show a total of 10,347 deaths, including diphtheria, 319; enteric fever, 182; measles, 39; scarlet fever, 85; smallpox, 44; whooping cough, 57, and 1,023 from tuberculosis.

The Monthly Bulletin says:

Including 666 delayed returns of death, there have been reported 124,160 deaths during the year, making a death rate of 17 per thousand population. The number of deaths was that of the average of five preceding years, but was about 5,000 less than the mortality of 1901. The decrease from last year was participated in by all the sanitary districts; it occurred mostly in the winter months, but the midsummer mortality this year was unusually low.

The infant mortality is very low, almost 5,000 less than the average; the saving occurred in the autumn and in rural parts of the State. One-fourth of the deaths occurred under 5 years of age; deaths over 70 years of age ranged from 10 per cent in the maritime to 30 per cent in the central districts of the total.

The zymotic mortality was 14 per cent of the total, being above the average. Diarrheal diseases caused a very low summer mortality. Scarlet fever continues the abrupt increase of last year. Diphtheria has the same rate of the last four years, which is very much less than all preceding years. Typhoid fever increased moderately in the maritime and Hudson Valley districts.

Smallpox existed in the early months throughout the Adirondack region, where it has not recurred save to a limited extent this present winter. During the year the disease has developed in 135 municipalities in all parts of the State, the chief of which have been New York City, towns in Westchester County, Albany, Schenectady, Binghamton and southern border counties, Walton, in Delaware County; Rochester, Buffalo, and towns in Chautauqua County. It was most prevalent

during the first half of the year, with much decrease in the summer and recurrence during the fall. It caused the same mortality as in 1901, but was more extensively prevalent. It exists now at Rochester and vicinity, abating, and in towns in Clinton, Chautauqua, and Delaware counties.

There were 8,800 deaths from pneumonia and about 5,500 from Bright's disease. The acute respiratory mortality was a little below the average. La grippe was estimated to cause 4,000 deaths in the early months of the year. Its annual recurrence in November and December has been moderate, causing probably not more than 500 deaths.

Saratoga.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 15,000. Total number of deaths, 22, including whooping cough, 2, and 4 from tuberculosis.

NORTH CAROLINA—*Charlotte*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 27, including diphtheria, 2, and 2 from tuberculosis.

PENNSYLVANIA—*Columbia*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 12,316. Total number of deaths, 9, including scarlet fever, 1, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Pottsville.—Month of January, 1903. Census population, 15,710. Total number of deaths, 24, including 2 from diphtheria.

VIRGINIA—*Lynchburg*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 36, including enteric fever, 1, and 9 from phthisis pulmonalis.

WASHINGTON—*Olympia*.—Year ended December 31, 1902. Census population, 3,863. Total number of deaths, 69, including enteric fever, 5, and 7 from tuberculosis.

Inspection of immigrants.

WEEKLY.

Place.	Week ended.	No. of ves-sels.	No. of immi-grants.
	1903.		
Boston, Mass.....	Jan. 31	5	514
New York, N. Y.....	.....do.....	15	6,724
Philadelphia, Pa.....	Feb. 7	4	394
Ponce, P. R.....	Jan. 24	3	8
San Juan, P. R.....	.....do.....	4	23
Subports.....	.....do.....	1	2

MONTHLY.

Place.	Month ended.	No of immi-grants passed.	No. re-jected.
	1903		
Buffalo, N. Y.....	Jan. 31	35	4
Columbia River Quarantine, Oreg.....	.....do.....	57	0
Eagle Pass, Tex.....	.....do.....	166	28
Galveston, Tex.....	.....do.....	176	1
Ponce, P. R.....	.....do.....	17	0
Portland, Me.....	.....do.....	5	0
Port Townsend, Wash.....	.....do.....	12	0
San Juan, P. R.....	.....do.....	97	0
Subports.....	.....do.....	12	0